## 100% Money Back Guarantee

Vendor: ASQ

Exam Code: CSSGB

Exam Name: Six Sigma Green Belt

Version:Demo

QUESTION 1
A Belt experienced an Alpha of .05 and a Beta of .10 and knew these are the most common risk levels when running a Statistical test.
A. True
B. False
Correct Answer: A
QUESTION 2
The value occurring most frequently in a data set.
A. Mean
B. Mode
C. Variable Data
D. Risk
Correct Answer: B
QUESTION 3
A Six Sigma tool that helps to screen factors by using graphical techniques to logically subgroup multiple discrete X\\'s plotted against a continuous Y is known as aChart.
A. SIPOC
B. Multi-Vari
C. Box Plot
D. Whisker
Correct Answer: B
QUESTION 4
Skewed, or Mixed, Distributions occur when data comes from several sources that are supposed to be the same yet are not.

A. True

B. False

Correct Answer: A
QUESTION 5
Which of the new quality management tools is used to organize facts and data about an unfamiliar subject or problem?
A. The affinity diagram
B. The header technique
C. The AND diagram
D. Matrix diagram
Correct Answer: A
QUESTION 6
Explain how the coefficient pattern for a 23 full factorial design is used to estimate the effects of one interaction factor (XiXj) on the CTQ.
Correct Answer: Multiply the signs of Xi and Xj to create a new variable, XiXj. Next, add up the values of the CTQ for which the interaction XiXj is +, then add up the values of the CTQ for which XiXj is -, finally, divide the difference of the sums by the number of plus signs.
QUESTION 7
The X-Y Diagram is a tool used to identify/collate potential X\\'s and assess their relative impact on multiple Y\\'s.
A. True
B. False
Correct Answer: A
QUESTION 8
The deviation of the measured value from the actual value is known as
A. Bias
B. Linearity

C. Repeatability

D. Mayamant		
D. Movement		
Correct Answer: A		
OUESTION 6		
QUESTION 9		
Which of the following is a commonly accepted level for alpha risk?		
A. 0.05		
B. 0.50		
C. 0.70		
D. 0.95		
Correct Answer: B		
QUESTION 10		
Inputs to a process that can be manipulated during experimentation.		
A. Factors		
B. Hypothesis Testing		
C. Control Plan		
D. Population		
Correct Answer: A		
QUESTION 11		
The difference between the largest observation and the smallest observation in the data set is known as the		
A. Breadth		
B. Range		
C. Spread		
D. Median		
Correct Answer: B		

## **QUESTION 12**

Correct Answer: C

The Central Limit Theorem helps us understand theestimate population parameters.	_ we are taking and is the basis for using sampling to
A. Analysis	
B. Kurtosis	
C. Risk D. Route	