

Vendor: CheckPoint

Exam Code: 156-215.80

**Exam Name:**Check Point Certified Security

Administrator

Version: Demo

## **QUESTION 1**

What is the mechanism behind Threat Extraction?

- A. This is a new mechanism which extracts malicious files from a document to use it as a counter-attack against its sender
- B. This is a new mechanism which is able to collect malicious files out of any kind of file types to destroy it prior to sending it to the intended recipient
- C. This is a new mechanism to identify the IP address of the sender of malicious codes and to put it into the SAM database (Suspicious Activity Monitoring).
- D. Any active contents of a document, such as JavaScripts, macros and links will be removed from the document and forwarded to the intended recipient, which makes this solution very fast

Correct Answer: D

## **QUESTION 2**

Using R80 Smart Console, what does a "pencil icon" in a rule mean?

- A. I have changed this rule
- B. Someone else has changed this rule
- C. This rule is managed by check point\\'s SOC
- D. This rule can\\'t be changed as it\\'s an implied rule

Correct Answer: A

### **QUESTION 3**

True or False: In R80, more than one administrator can login to the Security Management Server with write permission at the same time.

- A. False, this feature has to be enabled in the Global Properties.
- B. True, every administrator works in a session that is independent of the other administrators.
- C. True, every administrator works on a different database that is independent of the other administrators.
- D. False, only one administrator can login with write permission.

Correct Answer: B

More than one administrator can connect to the Security Management Server at the same time. Every administrator has their own username, and works in a session that is independent of the other administrators. Reference: https://sc1.checkpoint.com/documents/R80/CP\_R80\_SecMGMT/

 $html\_frameset.htm?topic=documents/R80/CP\_R80\_SecMGMT/124265$ 

### **QUESTION 4**

The technical-support department has a requirement to access an intranet server. When configuring a User Authentication rule to achieve this, which of the following should you remember?

- A. You can only use the rule for Telnet, FTP, SMPT, and rlogin services.
- B. The Security Gateway first checks if there is any rule that does not require authentication for this type of connection before invoking the Authentication Security Server.
- C. Once a user is first authenticated, the user will not be prompted for authentication again until logging out.
- D. You can limit the authentication attempts in the User Properties\\' Authentication tab.

Correct Answer: B

#### **QUESTION 5**

Check Point ClusterXL Active/Active deployment is used when:

- A. Only when there is Multicast solution set up
- B. There is Load Sharing solution set up
- C. Only when there is Unicast solution set up
- D. There is High Availability solution set up

Correct Answer: D

### **QUESTION 6**

Sally has a Hot Fix Accumulator (HFA) she wants to install on her Security Gateway which operates with GAiA, but she cannot SCP the HFA to the system. She can SSH into the Security Gateway, but she has never been able to SCP files to it. What would be the most likely reason she cannot do so?

- A. She needs to edit /etc/SSHd/SSHd\_config and add the Standard Mode account.
- B. She needs to run sysconfig and restart the SSH process.
- C. She needs to edit /etc/scpusers and add the Standard Mode account.
- D. She needs to run cpconfig to enable the ability to SCP files.

Correct Answer: C

# **QUESTION 7**

Which two Identity Awareness commands are used to support identity sharing?

- A. Policy Decision Point (PDP) and Policy Enforcement Point (PEP)
- B. Policy Enforcement Point (PEP) and Policy Manipulation Point (PMP)
- C. Policy Manipulation Point (PMP) and Policy Activation Point (PAP)
- D. Policy Activation Point (PAP) and Policy Decision Point (PDP)

Correct Answer: A

Reference: https://sc1.checkpoint.com/documents/R76/ CP\_R76\_IdentityAwareness\_AdminGuide/66477.htm

### **QUESTION 8**

Which of the following is NOT an advantage to using multiple LDAP servers?

- A. You achieve a faster access time by placing LDAP servers containing the database at remote sites
- B. Information on a user is hidden, yet distributed across several servers
- C. You achieve compartmentalization by allowing a large number of users to be distributed across several servers
- D. You gain High Availability by replicating the same information on several servers

Correct Answer: B

## **QUESTION 9**

Fill in the blanks: A security Policy is created in \_\_\_\_\_\_, stored in the \_\_\_\_\_, and Distributed to the various

- A. Rule base, Security Management Server, Security Gateways
- B. SmartConsole, Security Gateway, Security Management Servers
- C. SmartConsole, Security Management Server, Security Gateways
- D. The Check Point database, SmartConsole, Security Gateways

Correct Answer: C

# **QUESTION 10**

Which of the following actions do NOT take place in IKE Phase 1?

- A. Peers agree on encryption method.
- B. Diffie-Hellman key is combined with the key material to produce the symmetrical IPsec key.
- C. Peers agree on integrity method.

D. Each side generates a session key from its private key and peer\\'s public key.

Correct Answer: B

#### **QUESTION 11**

Anti-Spoofing is typically set up on which object type?

- A. Security Gateway
- B. Host
- C. Security Management object
- D. Network

Correct Answer: A

### **QUESTION 12**

There are two R77.30 Security Gateways in the Firewall Cluster. They are named FW\_A and FW\_B. The cluster is configured to work as HA (High availability) with default cluster configuration. FW\_A is configured to have higher priority than FW\_B. FW\_A was active and processing the traffic in the morning. FW\_B was standby. Around 1100 am, its interfaces went down and this caused a failover. FW\_B became active. After an hour, FW\_A\\'s interface issues were resolved and it became operational. When it re-joins the cluster, will it become active automatically?

- A. No, since "maintain current active cluster member" option on the cluster object properties is enabled by default
- B. No, since "maintain current active cluster member" option is enabled by default on the Global Properties
- C. Yes, since "Switch to higher priority cluster member" option on the cluster object properties is enabled by default
- D. Yes, since "Switch to higher priority cluster member" option is enabled by default on the Global Properties

Correct Answer: A

What Happens When a Security Gateway Recovers?

In a Load Sharing configuration, when the failed Security Gateway in a cluster recovers, all connections are redistributed among all active members. High Availability and Load Sharing in ClusterXL ClusterXL Administration Guide R77 Versions | 31 In a High Availability configuration, when the failed Security Gateway in a cluster recovers, the recovery method depends on the configured cluster setting. The options are: Maintain Current Active Security Gateway means that if one member passes on control to a lower priority member, control will be returned to the higher priority member only if the lower priority member fails. This mode is recommended if all members are equally capable of processing traffic, in order to minimize the number of failover events. Switch to Higher Priority Security Gateway means that if the lower priority member has control and the higher priority member is restored, then control will be returned to the higher priority member. This mode is recommended if one member is better equipped for handling connections, so it will be the default Security Gateway.

Reference: http://dl3.checkpoint.com/paid/7e/7ef174cf00762ceaf228384ea20ea64a/ CP\_R77\_ClusterXL\_AdminGuide.pdf? HashKey=1479822138\_31410b1f8360074be87fd8f1ab682464andxtn=.pdf