

Vendor:HP

Exam Code: HPE6-A75

Exam Name: Aruba Certified Edge Professional Exam

Version:Demo

QUESTION 1

Refer to the exhibit.

Summary Service	Authentication Roles Enforcement	<u> </u>
Use Cached Results:	Use cached Roles and Posture attributes from pr	revious sessions
Enforcement Policy:	CompanyX Onboard Authorization Policy	Modify Add new En
Enforcement Policy Detail	is	
Description:	Sample policy controlling authorization during Onbo	pard provisioning
Default Profile:	[Deny Access Profile]	
Rules Evaluation Algorith	m: evaluate-all	
Conditions		Enforcement Profiles
	f-Week <u>BELONGS_TO</u> dnesday,Thursday,Friday,Saturday,Sunday)	[Allow Access Profile], [Aruba Terminate Session]

Based on the configuration of the Enforcement Profiles In the Onboard Authorization service shown, which Onboarding action will occur?

- A. The device will be disconnected from the network after Onboarding so that an EAP-TLS authentication is not performed.
- B. The device will be disconnected from and reconnected to the network after Onboarding is completed.
- C. The device\\'s onboard authorization request will be denied.
- D. The device will be disconnected after post-Onboarding EAP-TLS authentication, so a second EAP-TLS authentication is performed.
- E. After logging in on the Onboard web login page, the device will be disconnected form and reconnected to the network before Onboard begins.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 2

An administrator deploys an AP at a branch office. The branch office has a private WAN circuit that provides connectivity to a corporate office controller. An Ethernet port on the AP is connected to a network storage device that contains sensitive information. The administrator is concerned about sending this traffic in clear-text across the private WAN circuit.

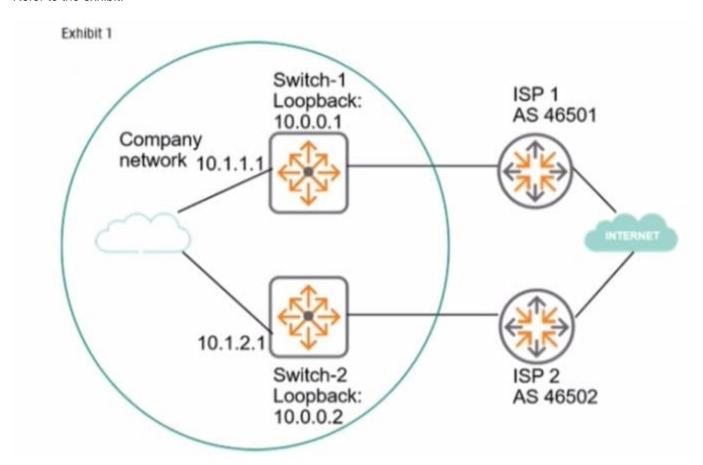
What can the administrator do to prevent this problem?

- A. Redirect the wired port traffic to an AP-to-controller GRE tunnel.
- B. Convert the campus AP into a RAP.
- C. Enable AP encryption for wired ports.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 3

Refer to the exhibit.



```
Exhibit 2
Switch-1# show ip bgp summary
 Peer Information
  Remote Address Remote-AS Local-AS State
                                         Admin Status
    10.0.0.2
               46500 46500 Connect
                                         Start
Switch-1# show running-config router bgp
Running configuration:
router bgp 46500
   enable
  neighbor 10.0.0.2 remote-as 46500
  exit
Switch-2# show ip bgp summary
Peer Information
 Remote Address Remote-AS Local-AS State
                                        Admin Status
   10.0.0.1
              46500
                     46500 Connect
                                        Start
Switch-2# show running-config router bgp
Running configuration:
router bgp 46500
  enable
  neighbor 10.0.0.1 remote-as 46500
  exit
```

The network administrator needs to set up BGP between the two company switches. Switch-1 and Switch

- 2. The BGP connection does not establish. Based on the exhibits, what does the administrator need to do to fix the issue?
- A. Enable the multihop option for the neighbor on each of the switches.
- B. Enter the network command for 10.0.0.0/24 in the router BGP mode on each switch.
- C. Enable BGP on the interfaces that the switches use to reach each other.
- D. Set the update source for the neighbor to the local loopback interface on each switch.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 4

Which technologies can prevent split brain in a VSF fabric that includes Aruba 2930F switches?

- A. ARP MAD or OOBM MAD
- B. VLAN MAD or ARP MAD
- C. OOBM MAD or LLDP MAD
- D. LLDP MAD or VLAN MAD

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 5

An administrator mistakenly configures the wrong VLAN setting on a managed controller\\'s interface. This causes the controller to lose management access to the Mobility Master (MM).

Which mechanism will then attempt to restore the previous working configuration on the managed controller?

- A. disaster recovery
- B. auto-rollback
- C. restore config
- D. bulk configuration

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 6

What is the purpose of the captive portal URL hash key on an AOS-Switch?

- A. It authenticates guest users based on the password the users enter hi the portal.
- B. It encrypts and secures the RADIUS messages that the AOS-Switch sends to ClearPass.
- C. It does not let users alter the URL that redirects them to the portal.
- D. It specifies the captive portal URL and conceals the setting in the config.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 7

What are Operator Profiles used for?

A. to enforce role based access control for Aruba Controllers

- B. to enforce role based access control for ClearPass Policy Manager admin users
- C. to enforce role based access control for ClearPass Guest Admin users
- D. to assign ClearPass roles to guest users
- E. to map AD attributes to admin privilege levels in ClearPass Guest

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 8

Why is a terminate session enforcement profile used during posture checks with 802.1 x authentication?

- A. To send a RADIUS CoA message from the ClearPass server to the client
- B. To disconnect the user for 30 seconds when they are in an unhealthy posture state
- C. To blacklist the user when they are in an unhealthy posture state

Configuration > Enforcement > Policies > Edit - Onboard Provisioning - Aruba

- D. To force the user to re-authenticate and run through the service flow again
- E. To remediate the client applications and firewall do that updates can be installed

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 9

Refer to the exhibit.

Enforcement Policies - Onboard Provisioning - Aruba Summary Enforcement Rules Enforcement: Name: Onboard Provisioning - Aruba Enforcement policy controlling network access for device provisioning Description: RADIUS Enforcement Type: Default Profile: [Deny Access Profile] Rules: Rules Evaluation Algorithm: First applicable Conditions Actions 1. (Authentication: OuterMethod EQUALS EAP-TLS) [Allow Access Profile], Onboard Post-Provisioning - Aruba 2. (Authentication: Source EQUALS [Onboard Devices Repository]) [Allow Access Profile], Onboard Post-Provisioning - Aruba 3. (Authentication:Source NOT_EQUALS [Onboard Devices Repository]) [Allow Access Profile], Onboard Pre-Provisioning - Aruba

An employee connects a corporate laptop to the network and authenticates for the first time using EAPTLS. Based on the Enforcement Policy configuration shown, which Enforcement Profile will be sent?

Exhibit:accp67-552

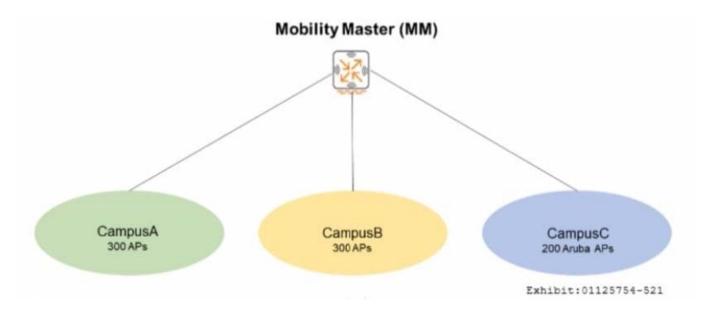
A. Deny Access Profile

- B. Onboard Post-Provisioning Aruba
- C. Onboard Device Repository
- D. Onboard Pre-Provisioning Aruba

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 10

Refer to the exhibit.



An administrator implements AP licensing on a Mobility Master (MM). Each campus is responsible to purchase its own AP licenses.

There are 900 AP licenses deployed in the global pool

There are three dedicated pools.

From the global pool, 300 AP licenses are assigned to each dedicated pool.

Network engineers at CampusA want to deploy an additional 100 APs. Currently all of the AP licenses in

CampusA and CampusB are allocated, but only 200 of the AP licenses m CampusC are allocated.

What can the administrator do to add capacity for CampusA in alignment with campus policies?

- A. Allow CampusA to share from the CampusC pool.
- B. Add 100 more AP licenses and assign them to the CampusA pool.
- C. Move 100 licenses from the CampusC pool to the global pool.
- D. Add 100 more AP licenses to the global pool.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 11

An administrator configures the MultiZone feature for a company network, where a mobility cluster is the primary zone and a standalone controller in the company\\'s DMZ represents a secondary data zone. The administrator configures two AP Groups and respective VAPs for the zones on the Mobility Master (MM) in the primary zone. When the APs boot up and establish connections to both zones, the administrator notices that no data connections are established to the data zone.

What must the administrator do to fix this problem?

- A. Configure the same AP Groups and VAPs on the standalone controller, and associate the MultiZone APs to both groups.
- B. Configure the same AP Group in the data zone as it is in the primary zone, and configure the VAPs in the data zone.
- C. Have the MultiZone APs initially boot from the standalone controller in the data zone.
- D. Create different AP groups and VAPs on the Mobility Master and standalone controllers, and associate the MultiZone APs to both groups.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 12

A network administrator wants to use Aruba AirWave to audit an AOS-Switch configuration. What rs one requirement?

- A. The switch defines the AirWave IP address in its zero touch provisioning (ZTP) profile.
- B. The switch specifies the AirWave IP address for the RADIUS server used for Telnet and SSH authentication.
- C. The switch is authorized in AirWave, which has the correct credentials to log in as a CLI manager.
- D. The switch is set to Manage Read-Write mode in AirWave but is not set to Monitor Only + Firmware Updates.

Correct Answer: B